Karnataka's Industry and Technology Leaders Must Speak Out on Farming Displacement and Land Conflicts

— An Open Letter from Scholars, Scientists, and Public-Policy Experts

Date: 1st July, 2025

Dear Stewards of Industry and Technology in Karnataka,

We are sure you are aware that on 25-26 June 2025, farmers from 13 villages in Devanahalli taluk, just north of Bengaluru's airport, marked 1,178 consecutive days of protest against the Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board's (KIADB) plan to acquire 1,777 acres of fertile farmland for a proposed High-Tech Defence and Aerospace Park. Although the State has since agreed to withdraw 495 acres, village leaders continue to demand that all remaining land be denotified, rejecting what they view as a "divide-and-rule" tactic and warning of renewed agitation if their concerns are not addressed.

A recent Deccan Herald editorial-page report traced this resistance to deep generational ties to the land and a growing distrust of top-down, non-consultative development. One protester summed it up during the June rally: "We are not against development, but let it not come by uprooting those who have fed this nation for generations." (deccanherald.com). Residents have clearly expressed their desire to continue farming and to remain in the land that has sustained their lives and livelihoods for generations.

Their doubts about "fair and timely" compensation are grounded in history. Farmers are not only concerned about the loss of livelihood; they are also deeply skeptical of government promises—shaped by past experience in the region. For many, the fear is not just displacement but being forgotten once the land is taken. In this context, assurances ring hollow and confidence in the system remains low.

This protest—both local and symbolic—raises urgent questions about the direction of Karnataka's development strategy. It exposes a *widening fault line* between industrial expansion and the livelihoods of those who sustain the state's agrarian base.

It is important to remember that the fertile lands around Devanahalli are a lifeline for Bengaluru's food and nutrition security. Even during the harshest phases of the COVID-19 lockdown, these farmers provided a steady flow of fruits, vegetables, milk, and other essentials to the city. Together, the surrounding districts produce an estimated 7-8 million tonnes of horticultural crops annually, while local dairies deliver over 10 million litres of milk daily to Bengaluru's Nandini/Mother Dairy network—roughly one kilogram of fresh produce and nearly a litre of milk per person each day.

Karnataka's economic progress requires a balanced approach—one that values both industrial growth and agrarian livelihoods. Undermining the rural and farming base in the name of "development" is like biting the hand that feeds. You can't build towers on empty stomachs—and no vision of progress can endure if it comes at the cost of those who feed us.

Silence Must Not Become Complicity

The legitimacy of this land acquisition is deeply questionable. Under the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013, it is mandatory to obtain the informed consent of at least 80% of affected landowners before acquiring land for private or public-private projects. Yet KIADB's own 2022 survey showed that over 80% of farmers are unwilling to part with their land.

Moreover, 163 of the affected farmers belong to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. Much of this land was originally granted under land-reform schemes and cannot be acquired or transferred without special permission and safeguards. Ignoring these protections risks violating both constitutional rights and social-justice laws.

KIADB already holds significant surplus, unutilised land across Karnataka that could accommodate such industrial ventures. The persistent focus on acquiring fertile farmland in Devanahalli, despite these alternatives, raises serious concerns about opaque land transactions and possible collusion between speculative interests and elements within the ruling establishment.

An earlier CAG Performance Audit Report (No. 8 of 2017) exposed serious irregularities in KIADB's land acquisition and allotment processes—ranging from missing annual plans and ignored environmental safeguards to undue benefits for select allottees. With such a record, there is little assurance that the current acquisition is fair, transparent, or truly in the public interest.

We firmly believe that you are not only key stakeholders in Karnataka's growth, but also custodians of public trust and societal influence. As architects of the state's industrial future, your leadership carries immense weight—not just in driving markets, but in defining the kind of society we build. Today, your responsibility extends beyond economic success to ethical leadership and the pursuit of inclusive development. In this moment, silence is not neutrality—it is impact.

Now is the time to speak—not only for legality and transparency, but for a vision of development that is **just**, **inclusive**, **and sustainable**. Karnataka cannot afford a model of progress that marginalises those who feed the state and sustain its cities.

Solidarity Is Growing—Will You Join?

In support of the Devanahalli farmers, Samyukta Horata—a coalition of farmers' and Dalit organisations, workers' unions, women's groups, and youth platforms—has launched a dharna at Freedom Park in Bengaluru. This collective action expresses solidarity and gratitude to the Annadatas (food providers) from diverse segments of society. On 29 June, hundreds of school-children from the region joined the dharna, lending their voices in a powerful show of support.

We urge you—pillars of Karnataka's economy—to recognise this moment and stand with the farmers of Devanahalli. Let your voice strengthen the movement toward a fairer, more balanced development paradigm. Growth must not erase those who sustain it. Your leadership matters—let it stand for conscience, equity, and a just future. We also ask that you protect food security by opposing the diversion of fertile arable land to industrial use and by insisting that industrial corridors be confined to non-arable land unfit for farming.

We hope you will convey your concerns to the government at the earliest—seeking a thorough **review of the Devanahalli acquisition** and supporting a broader **public dialogue** on Karnataka's land-acquisition policy.

With Chief Minister Siddaramaiah convening a meeting of farmer representatives and stakeholders on 4 July, we remain hopeful that this appeal will receive your principled and timely response.

Sincerely,

(Signed on behalf of all endorsing scholars, scientists, and public-policy experts)

(Dr. T.N. Prakash Kammardi)

Prof. of Agricultural Economist (Rtd) and Formerly **Chairman**, Karnataka Agricultural Prices Commission. **Mobile: 9448772202**.

Email: prakashtnk57@gmail.com

(Dr. A.R. Vasavi)

Independent Researcher
Social Anthropology,
Mobile: 9448360215

Email: <u>arvasavi@gmail.co</u>

${\it Cc-For\ kind\ information\ and\ necessary\ consideration:}$

- 1. Shri Siddaramaiah, Hon'ble Chief Minister of Karnataka
- 2. Shri M. B. Patil, Hon'ble Minister for Large & Medium Industries, Government of Karnataka
- 3. Chief Secretary, Government of Karnataka
- 4. **Principal Secretary**, Department of Industries and Commerce, Government of Karnataka

Endorsed by Prominent Scholars, Scientists, and Public-Policy Experts:

- Prof. Vinod Kumar Gaur Earth Physicist, Formerly Secretary, Dept of Science & Technology, Govt. of India and Fellow, Indian Academy of Sciences, Bengaluru
- 2. **Prof.** Ramachandra Guha Historian, Environmentalist, and Public Intellectual, Bengaluru
- 3. Dr. K. Narayana Gowda Former Vice-Chancellor, University of Agricultural Sciences, Bengaluru
- 4. **Prof. Madhura Swaminathan** Head, Economic Analysis Unit, Indian Statistical Institute, Bengaluru
- 5. **Dr. S. A. Shivashankar** Visiting Professor & Professor Emeritus, CeNSE, Indian Institute of Scence, Bengaluru
- 6. **Prof**. **Vinod Vyasulu** Economist, Centre for Budget and Policy Research, Bengaluru
- 7. **Prof. Sabiha Bhoomigowda** Former Vice-Chancellor, Karnataka State Akkamahadevi Women's University
- 8. **Prof. S. Japhet** Former Vice-Chancellor; Faculty, National Law School of India University, Bengaluru
- 9. **Prof. Deepak Malghan** Centre for Public Policy, Indian Institute of Management, Bengaluru
- 10. **Prof. Vidyanand Nanjundiah** Biologist (Retd.), Indian Institute of Scence, Bengaluru
- 11. **Dr. Ambalike Hiriyanna** Former Vice-Chancellor, Karnataka Folklore University, Haveri
- 12. Dr. K.P. Ramesha Former Head, National Dairy Research Institute, Bengaluru
- 13. **Prof. Mary John** Former Director, Centre for Women's Development Studies, New Delhi
- 14. Prof. Satish Deshpande Former Professor, Delhi School of Economics, New Delhi

- Dr. H. M. Jayaprakash Former Dean, College of Food and Dairy Technology, Bengaluru
- 16. **Prof.** Rajaram Tolpadi Professor of Political Science (Retd.), Mangalore University
- 17. Dr. C. S. Nagaraja Professor of Animal Genetics & Breeding (Retd.), and former Dean, Veterinary College, Bengaluru
- 18. Prof. Chandan Gowda Social Scientist and Writer, Bengaluru
- 19. **Dr. Tejaswini Prakash** Plant Breeder (Retd.), Indian Institute of Horticultural Research, Bengaluru
- 20. Dr. P. V. Venugopal Healthcare Professional; Indian Institute of Scence Alumnus, Bengaluru
- 21. Dr. Nityanand B. Shetty Professor of Kannada Cultural Studies, Tumkur University
- 22.Dr. **Seema Purushothaman** Professor (Retd.) of Environmental Economics, Azim Premji University
- 23. Dr. Ashok T. H. Professor of Plant Biotechnology (Retd.), University of Agricultural Science, Bengaluru.
- 24.Mr. Jayachandra A. N. Coordinator, Special Projects, JNCASR, Bengaluru
- 25.**Dr**. **Mahesh K**. **Rao** Professor (Retd.), Maharaja Institute of Technology, Mysuru
- 26. Prof Janaki Nair Historian, (Retd.), Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- 27.**Prof**. **T**. **S**. **Saraswathi**, Child Psychologist, (Retd), Maharaja Sahyajirao University, Baroda
- 28. Prof. Parinitha Shetty Chairperson, Dept. of English, Mangalore University
- 29.**Dr. Abhishodh Prakash** Faculty, Physics, Harish-Chandra Research Institute, Prayagraj (UP)
- 30.**Dr**. **K.P**. **Chinnaswamy**, Professor (Rtd) of Sericulture, University of Agricultural Science, Bengaluru.